ABSTRACT

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The invention relates to a compound of the formula I

$$(R_1)_i$$
 $(R_2)_j$
 (I)

in which:

- R₁ represents, independently of each other, a halogen atom; an aliphatic hydrocarbon-based group optionally substituted and/or optionally interrupted by one or more oxygen or sulfur atoms; a nitro group; a cyano group; an amino group; a mono- or dialkylamino group; an alkylcarbonyl group; a carboxyl group; an alkylcarbonylamino group; an alkylsulfonyl group;
 - R₂ represents, independently of each other, a cyano group; a hydroxyl group, an alkylcarbonyl group; a carboxyl group; an alkoxycarbonyl group; an unsubstituted amide group; or a linear or branched alkyl group substituted by a cyano, hydroxyl, carboxyl, alkoxycarbonyl or unsubstituted amide group;
 - i and j independently being 1 to 5,
- with the exclusion of the compound for which i and j = 1 and $R_1 = \text{carboxyl}$ and $R_2 = \text{carboxyl}$, and also the pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives, salts, solvates and stereoisomers thereof, including mixtures thereof in all proportions.